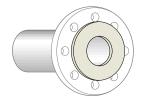


KLINGERSIL® C-8200 Greater security for concentrated acids



KLINGERSIL® C-8200 Glass fibres bonded with special acid-resistant elastomeres. Premium high-pressure gasket for use with acids. Resistant to a wide variety of media.

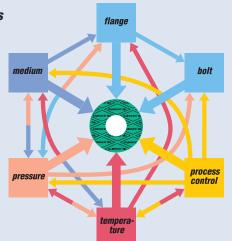


KLINGERSIL® C-8200 Information for your safety

The many and varied demands made on gaskets

The successful operation of a gasket depends upon a multiplicity of factors.

Many who use static gaskets believe that the values quoted for maximum admissible temperature and maximum operating pressure are inherent properties or characteristics of gaskets and gasket materials.



Unfortunately, this is not the

The maximum temperatures and pressures at which gaskets may be used are influenced by a large number of factors.

Therefore a definite statement of these values for gasket material is not possible.

Important points to be observed

The selection of gaskets requires expertise and know-how since ever greater reliability coupled with the lowest possible leakage rates are demanded of gasket materials.

The exacting demands made on the tightness of gasket materials (e.g. Tightness class $L_{0.01}$) mean that with increasing internal pressure higher surface pressures must be applied to the gasket.

It must be shown that the flange joint will tolerate the demands made on it without being mechanically overloaded. Furthermore, the surface pressure applied to create the seal should never fall below the required minimum value since this will reduce the life of the gasket. Highly stressed, but not overstressed gaskets have a longer life than understressed gaskets.

If the gasket fitted will be subjected to non-static loading, or will suffer stress fluctuations during discontinuous operation, it is advisable to choose a gasket which is not prone to embritlement with increasing

temperature (e.g. KLINGER® graphite laminate or KLINGER®topchem), especially for steam and/or water applications.

For discontinuous operations in water and/or steam applications, we recommend as a general guide a surface pressure of about 30 MPa. In such cases the gasket should be as thin as is practicable.

For reasons of safety, we advise against the re-use of gaskets.

Powerful sealing calculation with

online help on CD-ROM

Maximum gasket pressure in operating condition O_{B0} in accordance with DIN 28090

This diagram shows the max. permissible gasket pressure in MPa to be applied as a function of the service temperature. The values apply to the stated gasket thicknesses.

Min. gasket pressure O_{VU} for tightness classes L = 1.0, L = 0.1 and L = 0.01 in accordance with DIN 28090

This diagram shows the min. gasket pressure necessary to achieve the tightness for the above tightness classes at room temperature. Tightness class L= 0.1 allows a max. leakage of 1 mg nitrogen per second per meter of gasket length (mg/s·m).

The curves are shown for the standard thickness material.

Minimum gasket pressure O_{BU} for tightness class L = 0.1

This three-dimensional diagram describes the behaviour of the gasket material with respect to the required minimum gasket pressure for a complete temperature range at 2 mm thickness. It clearly shows that the required minimum load decreases at medium and higher temperatures — the gasket will seal at lower surface loads under these conditions.



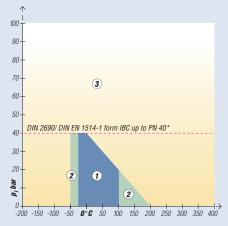
KLINGERSIL® C-8200 Information for your safety

So why does Klinger provide pT diagrams?

For the reasons given the pT diagram is not infallible: it serves as a rough guide for the end user who often has only the operating temperatures and pressures to go on.

Additional stresses such as greatly fluctuating load may significantly affect whether a gasket is suitable for the application.

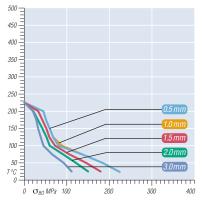
Resistance to media must be taken into account in every case.

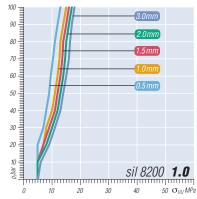


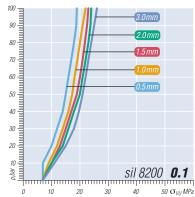
*Gaskets according to DIN 2690 are only standardised up to PN 40 and gasket thickness 2 mm.

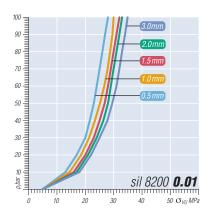
The fields of decision

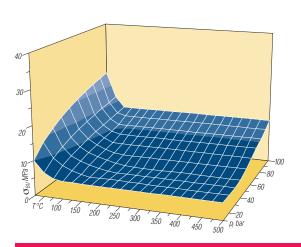
- If your operating temperatures and pressures fall within this field, a technical examination is normally unnecessary.
- 2 If your operating temperatures and pressures are within this field, a technical examination is recommended.
- (3) If your operating temperatures and pressures are within this "open" field, a technical examination is always necessary.













KLINGERSIL C-8200 Technical data



Klinger	cold/hot	com	pression
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With this test method developed by Klinger you can evaluate the cold/hot compression of a gasket in cold and hot condition.

Unlike the method acc. to DIN 52913 and BS 7531, the surface load is kept constant during the complete test so that the gasket is exposed to much tougher conditions.

The thickness decrease at an ambient temperature of 23°C and at heating up to 200°C is measured.

The indicated thickness decrease at 200°C refers to the thickness obtained after loading at 23°C.

Compressibility ASTM F 36 J				9
Recovery ASTM F 36 J	min	%		55
Klinger cold/hot compression	thickness decrease at 23°C	%		7
25 MPa	thickness decrease at 200°C	%		17
Specific Leak rate λ	VDI 2440 mbar x l/ s x		9.	17E-9
Density		g/cm³		1.7
Acid tests				
Thickness increase	HNO3 , 96%, 18h/23°C	%	% unsuitable	
	H ₂ SO ₄ , 96%, 18h/23°C	%	10	
	H ₂ SO ₄ , 65%, 48h/23°C		8	
Average surface resistance	R_{OA} Ω 5.8x10E11			
Average specific volume resistance	ρ_D	Ω cm 4	4.1x	10E12
Average dielectric strength	k	V/mm		17.0
verage power factor 1 kHz, ca.3 mm thickness		tan 8		0.11
erage dielectric coefficient 1 kHz, ca.3 mm thickness		Er		6.8
ASME-Code sealing factors				
for gasket thickness 2,0 mm	tightness class 1.0 mg/s x m	MPa	У	15
and tightness classes		MPa	т	3
DIN 28090	tightness class 0.1 mg/s x m	MPa	У	22.5
		MPa	т	4
	tightness class 0.01 mg/s x n		У	27.5
		МРа	т	4

Dimensions of the standard sheets

Sizes:

1,000 x 1,500 mm, 1,500 x 2,000 mm. Thicknesses:

0.5 mm, 1.0 mm, 1.5 mm, 2.0 mm, 3.0 mm;

other thicknesses on request. Tolerances:

thickness $\pm 10\%$, length ± 50 mm, width ± 50 mm





Rings and other finished gaskets

These gaskets are available in any size and corresponding sheet thicknesses, also edged and PTFE-covered.

Surfaces

The standard surface finish of the material is such that the surface has an extremely low adhesion. On request, graphite facings and other surface finishes on one or both sides are also available.

Function and durability

The performance and life of KLINGER® gaskets depend in large measure on proper storage and fitting, factors beyond the manufactor's control. We can, however, vouch for the excellent quality of our products.

With this in mind, please also observe our installation instructions.

Tests and approvals

TÜV Poland. BS 7531 Grade X. TA-Luft (Clean Air) approval, tested in accordance with VDI 2440 at 250°C.

Certified according to DIN EN ISO 9001:2008

Subject to technical alterations. Issue: March 2012

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